

THE STEAM PETROLEUM GAS GENERATOR. Some months since the press of this city gave extended mention of Messrs. Whipple & Dickerson's process for the generation of gas from petroleum by means of superheated steam, and its application to the production of heat and light. This invention has now taken such practical shape that the Keystone Liquid Fuel Company, of No. 319 Walnut street, have organized with a capital of half a million dollars, and are now engaged in the manufacture of machines and the patent, and in the sale of rights and royalties for the State of Pennsylvania. Their card will be found in our advertising columns. The practical operation of this process seems to be entirely successful. The owners and inventors have issued a very handsome prospectus, in which we find the following strong letter from Messrs. Barrows, Savery & Co., hardware manufacturers, of Front and Reed streets, in this city:—

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., October 17, 1870.—Messrs. Whipple & Dickerson—Gentlemen:—We take pleasure in saying that we have had in operation at our foundry, at the corner of Front and Reed streets, in this city, for nearly six months, one of your "Liquid Fuel Machines," developing a principle and process for the conversion of Crude Petroleum into gas, and using the same as fuel for generating steam.

The results, thus far, of the most satisfactory character. Our entire machinery, consisting of a cylinder boiler of sixty-horse power, three engines, and all the connections therewith, has, during that time, been operated by your machine daily, except Sunday and some few days when the works were stopped, without any trouble or difficulty, and with many advantages over coal. When burning coal we have been able to carry an average of only thirty-five pounds steam pressure on our boiler, but with the gas furnished by your machine we carry a uniform pressure of sixty pounds with ease, and more if required, as a constant surplus of steam is indicated at the safety-valve. The very great advantage of this result is that we find the power of our machinery fully double that which can be attained with coal under the same boiler, and under like conditions. Our power of production is therefore increased in a most gratifying degree, and we believe that in this respect lies one of your most profitable achievements.

Many minor, but nevertheless valuable, features are the result of this fact, which practical men will especially appreciate. For instance, we are enabled to run off our blast in much less time than is required when using coal. We can keep our boiler full of water—a feature of both safety and efficiency—because the power is sufficient to keep the pump constantly working, and we find that a fire for eight hours produces heat enough to generate steam for ten hours, so that there is no need of either being shut off one hour before noon, and one hour before stopping at night, each day. It requires only about half an hour with us to raise steam sufficient to start the engines.

We regard the machine as entirely safe, remarkably easy of control, not liable to get out of order, and sure in its operations. It is difficult to conceive of more perfect or beautiful combination, white smoke, ashes, and cinders are entirely done away with. It produces a much more regular and uniform heat than can be produced by burning coal.

We herewith give you the items of machinery which we are now running at our works:—Our boiler is sixty inches in diameter, and twenty-eight feet long, with return flues twenty inches in diameter, and is called by boiler makers a "water-tube boiler." We drive with it three engines. The largest has been attached to it three heavy grinders, sixty inches in diameter and three inches broad on the face, for grinding cast-iron; and two small grinders for finishing castings and grinding tools; two shafts running four emery wheels; nine mills for grinding castings; four mills for grinding emulsions (which require a large quantity of water); one rotary sander; one lathe; one fan for making covers; one bolt-cutting machine; and one of McKenzie's blowers, making blast for two McKean's copulas, one melting stove, and the other three tons of iron per hour. The second engine drives eight round and two oval lathe, for turning hollow-ware, one fan, and one grinder. The third engine drives two small lathes, and one grinder for patterns and shims. Besides, with the same boiler, we heat by steam in water the grinding and polishing shops, the cleaning shop, pattern shop, and office.

During the past month we have run our works to their full capacity, making a clear saving of twenty-five per cent. over coal to make the same steam, and we fully believe we had the machinery to utilize the steam which this fire produces, it would show a net saving over coal, with us, of at least fifty per cent. We have carried thirty pounds of steam, blowing off at the safety-valve nearly all the time, and running all of the machinery, not being obliged to throw off any of it, while with coal we could not have carried more than thirty to thirty-five pounds, and would have been obliged to throw off quite a large portion of the machinery, during the running of the blast; but now, we cannot take the boiler so as to reduce the pressure below sixty pounds. We also keep three full gauges of water on the boiler, and keep the pump running all or nearly all the time, which makes the boiler much safer. With coal fire we could not run the pump with the blast on, and we often run the water below the lower gauge, making it very difficult to keep up steam.

We give you a few of the advantages over coal which we have discovered in using your machine for nearly six months:—

- First. There is no drawing of fire, which makes the danger to our premises from fire much less.
Second. The power is increased fully double, with the same boiler, without a corresponding increase in cost.
Third. The labor of firing, cleaning fires, and removing cinders is saved, and there is no dust about the boiler.
Fourth. We are able to quit at night with a full head of water and steam, and have no losses by slack from the want of blast, which often occurs with coal.
Fifth. There will be no fear of fire in case of boiler explosion, as there are no coals to be thrown around the premises.
Sixth. Entire absence of smoke.
We have been in the foundry business, principally hollow-ware, in this city, for the past thirty years, and we are confident, therefore, that the practical advantages of your machine are all that are claimed. We cordially recommend it to those who wish for an efficient and economical motive power, and have no hesitation in saying that we believe it to be one of the greatest and most beneficial inventions of the age.

Very respectfully yours, BARROWS, SAVERY & CO.

MARRIED. HARD—BROWN. In New York on Thursday, Nov. 23, 1870, at the Church of the Ascension, by the Rev. John Cotton Smith, D. D., ANSON W. HARD to SARAH E., daughter of John M. Brown.

DIED. BUCKLEY.—On the morning of the 31st inst., ANOLD BUCKLEY, aged 70 years, died at his residence, 1000 Spruce street, Julia T. Buckley, youngest daughter of the Right Rev. Alfred and Julia W. Lee, of Wilmington, Delaware, in the 22d year of her age.

Funeral service in St. Andrew's Church, Wilmington, on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, large size. Address J. PERKINS, Strawberry Fruit Farm, Moorestown, N. J. Circulars gratis.

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Concentrated Fluid Extract Buchu.

The Great Diuretic.

The proprietor trusts that his remedies, from the fact of being advertised, may not be classed as patent medicines.

Two Hundred Years.

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THE SUPERIORITY OF MY MODE OF PREPARATION BEING ACKNOWLEDGED, I now ship up to the point (CAPE OF GOOD HOPE) where the leaves are gathered large quantities of

MY FLUID EXTRACT.

IN FACT, THE ARTICLE STANDS PRE-EMINENT, AND IS KNOWN IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

The first and most important object was to offer to the afflicted a remedy that was perfectly safe, and could be taken by adults and children. Ignorant persons, who pay no attention to dose, direction, or advice, might reason, "That if a teaspoonful, taken occasionally, did good, two would do better, and perhaps a bottle would cure in a day."

Many have broken down their health by dissipation, and on this principle; but they had been years in doing so.

What I would have understood is, that no injury can arise from its use. It is as safe as any article of food; but patients must not expect any medicine to rebuild a wrecked or shattered constitution in a few days.

This truth is so self-evident that it would seem unnecessary to repeat it, were it not for the fact that thousands of persons who are intelligent in all other matters seem to think, unreasonably, that a curative agent must exhibit its specific effects immediately, when the fact is that time is often an important element in the progress of a safe and thorough cure, even when the medicine is working the best results. These same persons would expend

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THREE FACTS WORTH KNOWING ABOUT THE

Closing Out Sale of Books, Chromos, ETC. ETC. ETC.

AT THE OLD STAND, No. 724 CHESNUT Street.

IT IS A BONA FIDE CLOSING OUT.

The subscriber intending to retire from the RETAIL BUSINESS on JANUARY 1, 1871, has rented his store from that date, and the stock must be sold.

WE HAVE A SPLENDID STOCK ON HAND.

It embraces BOOKS in almost every department of literature, and in every style of binding. ENGLISH AND AMERICAN EDITIONS OF STANDARD WORKS; FINE ILLUSTRATED WORKS; JUVENILES AND TOY BOOKS; CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS; GOLD PENS, Etc. Etc. Etc.

WE ARE MAKING ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS.

A large part of our stock we are offering at fully ONE-HALF THE PRICE asked elsewhere, and the very CHOICEST STOCK we guarantee to sell at fully TEN PER CENT. LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES. An examination solicited.

DUFFIELD ASHMEAD,

No. 724 CHESNUT STREET.

LADIES' UNDER WEAR. Merino Vests, 75 cents up. Regular Made, \$1.25 up.

CHILDREN'S Underwear, 50 cents up. Boys' underwear, cheap.

GENTS' Undershirts, 60 cents up. 100 dozen super stout Hose, 85 cents.

Ladies' Fleece Hose. Children's Fleece Hose. Ladies' Fleece Hose, extra lengths. Children's Fleece, extra lengths.

HANDKERCHIEFS, LADIES' COLLARS, ROYAL BOWS, SASH RIBBONS, VELVET RIBBONS.

CASTOR GLOVES for Ladies and Gents.

Boys' BUCKSKIN GLOVES, etc. etc. 11 5/8 1/2

1870 KEYSTONE 1870 LIQUID FUEL COMPANY.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

CAPITAL \$500,000. SHARES, PAR VALUE \$100.00

Directors: ROBERT CRANE, JOHN P. GREEN, WM. R. ROBERTS, THOS. S. DICKERSON, OFFICERS.

ROBERT CRANE, President. JOHN P. GREEN, Secretary and Treasurer. WM. R. ROBERTS, Superintendent. HENRY BALDWIN, Jr., Secretary.

This Company is engaged in the Manufacture and Sale of Machines, and in the Sale of Rights and Royalties, under the Whipple & Dickerson Patents, in the State of Pennsylvania. They are ready to contract for country or individual rights, and to put machines covering this valuable process in successful operation.

Parties desiring to witness or inspect personally the operation of this machine, will find it open at all times at the foundry of Messrs. BARROWS, SAVERY & CO., corner of FRONT and REED streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

All orders and communications should be addressed to the

KEYSTONE LIQUID FUEL COMPANY, 10 5/8 1/2 No. 319 WALNUT ST., Philada., Pa.

WM. MENCKE & BROTHER, No. 804 ARCH Street.

LATEST STYLES LADIES' DRESS TRIMMINGS, Berlin Zephyr Goods, Etc.

A large importation of Embroidered Cushions and Embroidered Slippers, from 75c. upwards.

We have now on hand a full line of the celebrated BOUDIER'S KID GLOVES.

Considered in Europe superior to any other make. Also, a full line of the VICTORIA KID GLOVES.

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WANTED A STORE ON MARKET STREET, BETWEEN THIRD AND SIXTH.

POSSESSION ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1. Address at office P. O. Box 5751. 11 5/8 1/2

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

REAL ESTATE—THOMAS & SONS' SALE. Modern Three-story Brick Residence, No. 143 North Twelfth street, between Jefferson and Master streets. On Tuesday, November 15, 1870, at 12 o'clock noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that modern three-story brick message, with three-story back buildings and lot of ground, situated on the west side of Twelfth street, above Master street, Twelfth ward, No. 143; containing in front on Twelfth street 16 feet, and extending in depth to feet to a 4 feet wide alley, with the privilege thereof. House has the modern conveniences; parlor, dining room, with Baltimore heater, and kitchen on first floor; 2 chambers, sitting room, bath and store rooms on the second floor, and a chamber on the third floor; gas, bath, hot and cold water, cooling range, heater, etc. Clear of all incumbrances. Terms—\$3000 may remain on mortgage. Immediate possession.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers, No. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

PUBLIC SALE—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers. Two-story Brick Stable and Coach House, No. 264 Juniper street, between Locust and Spruce streets. On Tuesday, November 8, 1870, at 12 o'clock noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that two-story brick stable and coach house and lot of ground, situated on the west side of Juniper street, between Locust and Spruce streets, No. 264; containing in front on Juniper street 36 feet 8 inches, and extending in